

Manulife Shariah Indonesia Equity Fund

Capture the growth potential in Southeast Asia's largest economy¹

¹ Source: The World Bank, last updated 5 April 2022.

manulifeim.com.my

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Introducing our new Shariah-compliant equity fund that aims to capture Indonesia's vast growth potential

The new Manulife Shariah Indonesia Equity Fund ("the Fund") provides you with direct access to Shariah-compliant investments in wonderful Indonesia.

Strong economic fundamentals, favourable demographics, abundance of natural resources and supportive government policies to improve investment climate are some of the reasons to consider diversifying your investments into this multicultural and vibrant market.

Strong economic fundamentals

Indonesia is an emerging global powerhouse in Asia, offering a wide range of investment opportunities to investors.

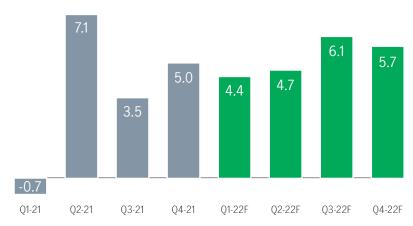
Its solid macroeconomic fundamentals – exemplified by a *stable rupiah* and *sovereign rating upgrades* – coupled with well-managed fiscal and monetary policies inspired strong investors' confidence.

The above information may contain projections or other forward-looking statements regarding future events, targets, management discipline or other expectations. There is no assurance that such events will occur, and the future course may be significantly different from that shown here.

Growth acceleration

Strong recovery momentum expected in 2022

Indonesia gross domestic product (GDP) growth projection 2022 (%)



Source: GDP projection based on Bloomberg forecast as of 24 February 2022. F = forecast.

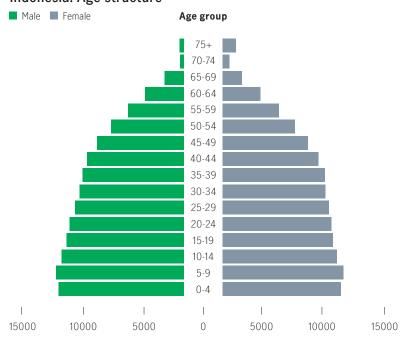
Favourable demographics

As of mid-2020, more than 270 million² people call Indonesia home, making it the most populous country in Southeast Asia³ and the most populous Muslim country in the world³. Indonesia also has a *young population*, with a median age of 29.7 years⁴.

The populous and young demographics provide the country with a huge domestic consumer market, a ready labour market and strong productivity to propel the country's growth.

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Indonesia: Age structure



Population (in thousands)

Source: Badan Pusat Statistik, 2019.

 $^{^{\}rm 2}$ United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division (2019).

³ WorldAtlas, April 2021.

⁴ Worldometer - Countries in the world by population (2022).

Abundance of natural resources

Indonesia is endowed with rich natural resources such as natural gas, crude petroleum, coal, nickel, bauxite and copper⁵. It is also the world's top palm oil producer⁶.

Indonesia benefits from its position as a major commodity exporter against a backdrop of surging commodity prices in recent months. This contributed tremendously to its rapid economic recovery post-pandemic and should continue to fuel economic growth moving forward.

It is also a beneficiary of the global shift from fossil fuel to *renewable energy*, with its vast mineral resources being key in the renewable energy supply chain.







- $^{\mbox{\tiny 5}}$ WorldAtlast, "What are the major natural resources of Indonesia?", October 2018.
- $^{\rm 6}$ Reuters, "Indonesia bans palm oil exports as global food inflation spikes", 24 April 2022.
- ⁷ U.S. Geological Survey, Mineral Commodity Summaries, January 2020.
- $^{\rm 8}$ U.S. Geological Survey, Mineral Commodity Summaries, January 2021.
- ⁹ Deloitte Indonesia Perspectives, Second Edition, February 2021.
- e refers to estimated.

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Improving investment climate

The Indonesian government has formulated policies to spur structural reform of the country's manufacturing and trades, while simultaneously improving the overall investment climate. We believe this will lead to sustained and rising foreign direct investment flows in years to come.

Examples of these include policies to develop its downstream natural resources in order to stimulate value-added exports¹⁰, plans to develop an integrated electric vehicle industry ecosystem¹⁰ and plans to construct the world's largest green industrial park in North Kalimantan¹¹.

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¹⁰ CLSA research report: Indonesia electric vehicles, 23 March 2021.

¹¹ ASEAN Briefing from Dezan Shira & Associates: Indonesia to Construct World's Largest Green Industrial Park, 24 December 2021.

Key fund information

| Name of the fund | Manulife Shariah Indonesia Equity Fund ("The Fund") |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Manager | Manulife Investment Management (M) Berhad 200801033087 (834424-U) |
| Fund category | Equity (Shariah-Compliant) |
| Investment objective | The Fund aims to achieve capital appreciation by investing in Shariah-compliant equities and Shariah-compliant equity-related securities of companies in Indonesia market. |
| Investor profile | The Fund is suitable for investors who: • seek capital appreciation; • prefer Shariah-compliant investment; • have a long-term investment horizon; and • wish to seek investment exposure in the Indonesia market. |
| Investment policy and strategy | The Fund aims to achieve capital appreciation by investing in Shariah-compliant equities and Shariah-compliant equity-related securities of companies in Indonesia market. |
| | The Fund will invest at least 70% to 98% of its net asset value (NAV) in a diversified portfolio of Shariah-compliant equities and Shariah-compliant equity-related securities of companies domiciled in/listed in/or have significant operations* in Indonesia, which includes companies domiciled in or have significant operations* in Indonesia but listed in other foreign markets. The remaining NAV of the Fund will be in cash, Islamic money market instruments, general investment accounts and/or Islamic deposits. The Fund may invest in these investments directly or via an Islamic collective investment scheme. |
| | *Significant operations mean the revenue, earnings, production facilities, assets and/or investments of a company are based in/derived from Indonesia. The level of significance will be determined by the Manager on a case-by-case basis based on his/her research and judgement. |
| Performance benchmark | Jakarta Islamic Index 70 Note: The performance benchmark above is only used as a reference for investment performance comparison purpose. The risk profile of the Fund is not the same as the risk profile of this performance benchmark. The performance benchmark information is available at www.manulifeim.com.my. |
| Initial offer price | A (RM) Class: RM0.5000 |
| Initial offer period | Twenty-one (21) days from 18 August 2022 to 7 September 2022 |
| Sales charge | Distribution channels IUTA UTC Manager Sales charge Up to 5.00% of the NAV per Unit |
| Annual management fee | Up to 1.80% of the NAV of the Fund per annum calculated and accrued on a daily basis. |
| Annual trustee fee | 0.06% per annum of the NAV of the Fund (including local custodian fees but excluding foreign custodian fees and charges). |
| Minimum initial investment | A (RM) Class RM1,000 |
| Minimum additional investment | A (RM) Class RM100 |
| Distribution policy | Distribution of income, if any, is incidental. Note: For details, please refer to the fund prospectus. |
| Financial year end | 28 February (or 29 February in a leap year). |
| Cooling-off period | The cooling-off period is only applicable to any individual investing for the first time in any unit trust funds managed by the Manager and excludes staff of the Manager and persons registered with a body approved by the SC to deal in unit trust funds. You have the right, within six (6) Business Days from the day of the receipt by the Manager of your application form, to call for a withdrawal of your investment. |

Disclaimer:

The above information has not been reviewed by the SC and is subject to the relevant warning, disclaimer, qualification or terms and conditions stated herein. Investors are advised to read and understand the contents of the Prospectus of Manulife Shariah Indonesia Equity Fund dated 18 August 2022 and its First Supplemental Prospectus dated 30 December 2022 and all the respective Product Highlights Sheet(s) (collectively, the "Offering Documents"), obtainable at our offices or website, before investing. The Offering Documents have been registered with the Securities Commission Malaysia (SC), however the registration with the SC does not amount to nor indicate that the SC has recommended or endorsed the product. There are risks involved with investing in unit trust funds; wholesale funds and/or Private Retirement Schemes. Some of these risks associated with investments in unit trust funds; wholesale funds and/or Private Retirement Schemes are interest rate fluctuation risk, foreign exchange or currency risk, country risk, political risk, credit risk, non-compliance risk, counterparty risk, target fund manager risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. For further details on the risk profile of all the funds, please refer to the Risk Factors section in the Offering Documents. The price of units and income distribution may go down as well as up. Investors should compare and consider the fees, charges and costs involved. Investors are advised to conduct own risk assessment and consult the professional advisers if in doubt on the action to be taken.